

Comprehensive Planning

A Division of New York Department of State

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Statutory Definition

- Expression of municipality's goals and recommended action to achieve those goals
- Outline for orderly growth, providing continued guidance for decision-making
- Document focusing on immediate and long-range protection, enhancement, growth and development

67% of NYS Local
Governments have
Comprehensive
Plans

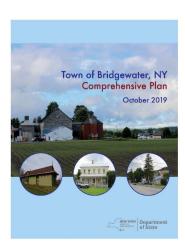
94% of Cities 70% of Villages 60% of Towns

Town Law §272-a Village Law §7-722 City Law §28-a



Why it is Important

- Zoning and other land use regulations must be in accordance with plan
 - Defense against spot zoning challenges
- Growth management and prioritization of community investments
 - NYS Public Infrastructure Policy Act
- Other government agencies shall consider a municipality's plan while proposing capital projects
- Annual budgeting and capital planning
- Goals support Grant applications





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When to update your plan

MYTH: "We are a sleepy little town where nothing happens. Updates are only for bigger communities..."

Some indicators:

- Too many variance requests
- · Unachieved goals in last plan
- New conditions, trends, priorities
- Periodic review in current plan



Rapid growth or decline may need to be addressed







Special places are disappearing

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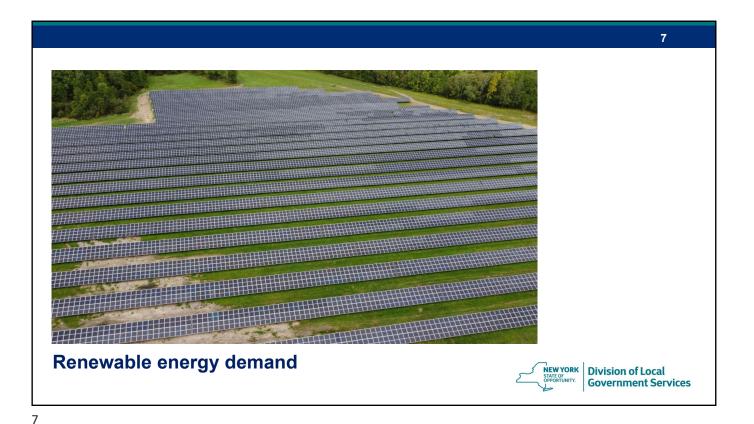


Photo credit: www.berkshireeagle.com

Economic changes

Photo credit: www.berkshireeagle.com

Government Services





Community Resilience

"The ability of a system to withstand shocks and stresses while still maintaining its essential functions."

Resilient Communities:

- Are familiar with their natural hazards
- Are prepared for them
- · Recover quickly when they occur









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Resilience Planning Considers multiple systems to create vital communities: Economic · A holistic approach New neighborhoods and relocations Infrastructure modification and backup Community Expand, conserve or revitalize Resilience natural protective features: Social **Ecological** · Storm damage benefits Environmental benefits Quality of life benefits for residents and visitors NEW YORK Division of Local **Government Services**

Getting Started

- Review your current plan (if one exists)
- Governing Board determines body responsible for plan preparation
- Create a budget / identify funding opportunities
- Review comprehensive plan statute

3 Options to Lead Planning Process:

- Governing Board
- Planning Board
- "Special Board"



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Governing Board's Role

- Prepare plan or appoint a 'special board' to develop plan
- Plan adoption
- Hold public hearing within 90 days of receiving draft plan
- · Governing board also responsible for:
 - Amending land use regulations
 - Developing design guidelines
 - Budgeting for capital improvements
 - Applying for appropriate state, federal and privately funded programs



Potential Partners to Lead Plan Development

- Planning Board or Comprehensive Plan Committee
- Municipal planner
- Municipal engineer
- Municipal attorney
- County planners
- Planning consultant
- Not-for-profit consultant
- Combination of the above





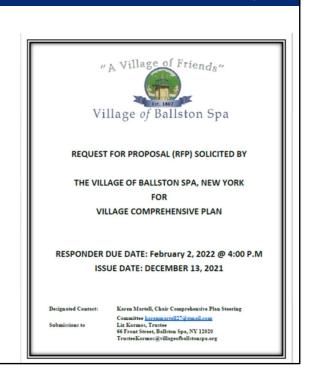
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Using a Consultant

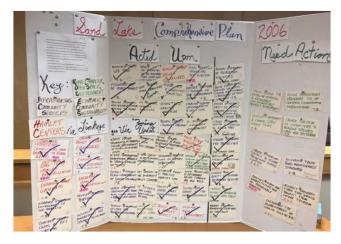
- Role in plan preparation varies
- Interview and check references
- Identify staff assigned to plan
- Consider relevance of their experience
- Identify any subcontractors

Consultants may provide an unbiased community view



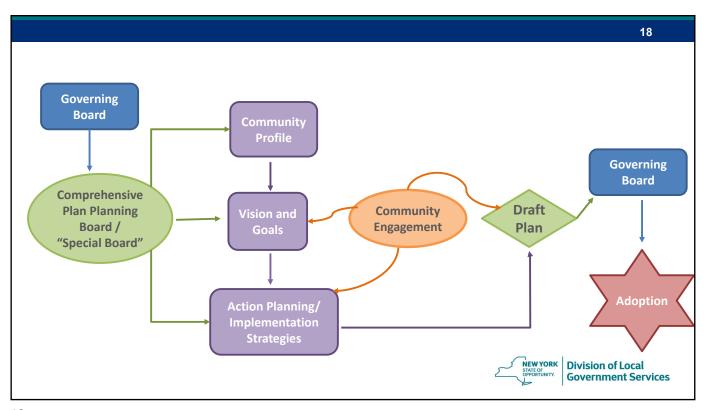
Process at a Glance

- 1. Review your existing plan
- 2. Community engagement
- 3. Prepare community profile
- 4. Identify issues
- 5. Develop vision & goals
- 6. Recommend actions for goal implementation (Action Plan)
- 7. Review Draft Plan
- 8. Adopt plan
- 9. Implement plan
- 10. Evaluate plan



Town of Sand Lake, NY Comprehensive Plan review and identified accomplishments





Step 2: Community Engagement

- Ongoing throughout the planning process
- Potential community partners:
 - Business owners
 - Civic leaders
 - Youth and senior organizations
 - o Recreation, arts and cultural organizations
 - Environmental experts
 - Elected officials, Planning Board, ZBA, municipal commissions, taskforces





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Community Engagement Tools

- Surveys
- In-person/online workshops
- Open houses / charrettes
- Focus groups / round tables
- Key interviews
- · Community visioning
- · Community asset mapping
- Community forums/social media
- Two public hearings required***





Step 3: Community Profile of Existing Conditions

- Demographics
- Economy
- Existing land uses and land regulations
- Housing
- Transportation
- Public services
- Environmental conditions



A map series can convey a lot of information with geographic context



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Consider Other Plans



Washington County Agricultural and Farmland Protection Plan

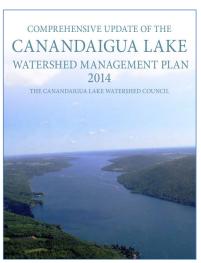


State: coastal resource plan; canal recreationway plan; open space plan; sustainability plan

Region: greenway plan; watershed plan; school district plans; neighboring municipalities

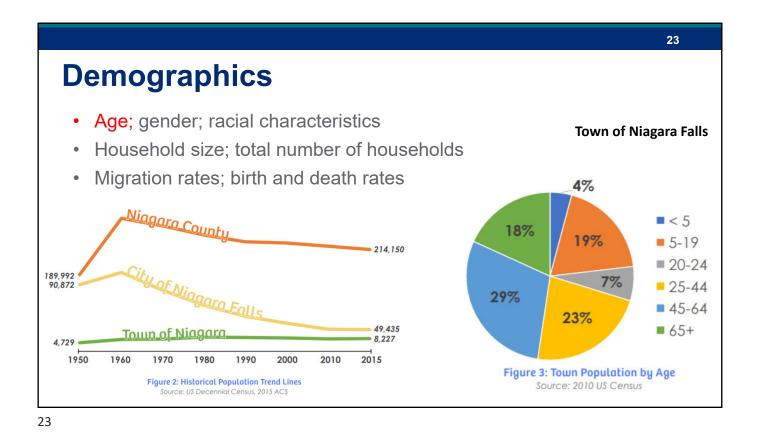
County: health plan; farmland protection plans; economic development plan; emergency plan;

Local: Stormwater management plan; local waterfront redevelopment plans

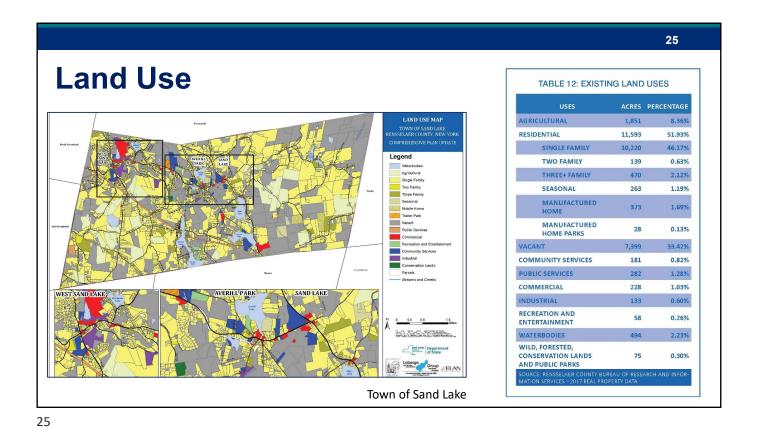




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26 Housing City of Ithaca Increase in median home value Diversity vs. median rental rate Number/condition of housing stock 100 Median home value Median rental rate +91% Future needs +79% 80 Building permit data 60 Home prices and vacancy rates 40 Owner occupied vs renter 20 occupied as % of total housing stock 2000 2012

Natural Resources



- Critical environmental areas
- Water resources
- · Fish and wildlife
- Slopes/vistas
- Soil types
- Minerals
- Wind
- Sunlight





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28 **Mobility and Transportation City of Troy** · Volume and usage of 5.0% existing roadways **Transit services** Overall U.S.A rate of public transportation use Airports 6.2% Rail lines 2.5% **Trails** Sidewalks City of Troy residents use of public Rensselaer County rate of public transportation as their primary transportation use mens of transportation to commute to work

Public facilities and services



Sewer and water



Police, fire, emergency



Parks, recreation, and culture



Schools and libraries



Social services, hospitals



Gov't land and buildings



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Step 4: Identify issues

What are your SWOTs?

- Strengths
- Weaknesses
- Opportunities
- Threats











Step 5: Vision and Goals

Vision Statements

- Statement of community's preferred future
- Supported by goals and actions to get there



A wordle created from the most common residents used to describe what they love about their community during a visioning exercise. Bridgewater, NY



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Step 5: Vision and goals

Goal Statements:

- Based on identified issues from Community Profile and Community Input
- Goals become priorities for future policy development decisions
- Goals are measurable and achievable





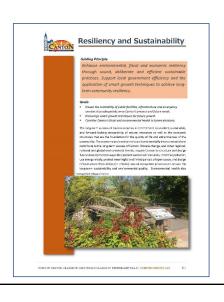


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Step 5: Vision and goals







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Step 6: Action Planning/Recommended Strategies for Implementation

- Recommended municipal actions to implement the goals of the plan
 - Supportive policies (regulations/guidelines)
 - Programs
 - Capital improvements and expansions
- May include partnerships with other agencies and organizations
- May require amendments to local laws/adoption of ordinances





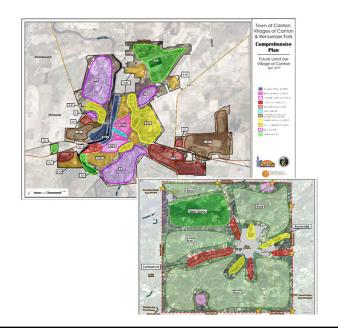
Future Land Use Map

Advantages:

- Visual representation of the preferred future: easy to understand
- Creates a sense of predictability
- Provides guidance for planning and policy-making

Limitations:

- Difficult to prepare
- May seem more rigid than it really is
- No indication of the timing for a proposed development



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Village of Lakewood

Goal:

To improve all modes of transportation for a safe and enjoyable environment



Recommended Actions:

- Establish the bicycle LoCo trail to link
 Village of Lakewood and Town of Busti
- Implement complete streets policy to encourage walking and bicycle use
- Enhance community character by developing streetscape standards
- Direct people to attractions and waterfront by developing wayfinding system



Town of Warrensburg: Hamlet Sustainability

Goal:

Advance the ongoing improvement of the hamlet as the cultural and social heart of the community



Recommended Actions:

- Create a vacant properties and storefronts inventory and make this information available
- Expand sewer infrastructure beginning with high-priority residential needs
- Create design guidelines for new infill to protect hamlet character
- Encourage the creation of apartments over businesses

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City of Ithaca: Housing

Goal:

- Adequate supply of safe, accessible, and affordable housing available to all residents
- Range of housing options, including different levels of affordability and housing types, in each neighborhood

Recommended Actions (Sample):

- Include affordable units within new marketrate housing developments
- Increase City staff to ensure timely periodic inspections
- Seek out additional sources of financial support for developing subsidized housing
- Review the zoning code and consider revisions to increase flexibility for residential development, while preserving desirable neighborhood characteristics



Government Services

Town of Bridgewater: Housing

Recommended Actions

- Work with mobile home owners to participate in available Home Replacement grant programs to improve housing quality and value
- Conduct a housing market study
- Sponsor a housing rehabilitation program by securing a grant that will provide for the upgrade and rehabilitation of residential and mixed-use structures





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City of Corning: Community Services

Goal: Increase effectiveness and costefficiency of municipal services

- Consolidate scattered public safety services into one complex
- Use GIS to track service delivery
- Hire an additional Code Enforcement Officer to handle residential units inspection





Evaluate alternatives

- Are goals achievable financially?
- Are there more attainable/sustainable alternatives?
- What are cost effective ways to achieve goals?
- What happens if we do nothing?





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Implementation matrix

- Provides a summary framework of goals and actions identified in the plan
- Potential Elements:
 - lead agency/ partners
 - steps for implementation
 - potential funding
 - targeted timeframe for implementation (ongoing, short, medium and long term)

| | Goals and Recommendations | Project Champion | Potential Partners | Potential Funding | Immediate | Short-Term | Long-Term | Ongoing |
|--------|--|---|--|----------------------------|-----------|------------|-----------|---------|
| Policy | Area 1: Destination & Image | | | | _ | | | |
| Goal 1 | : Monitor, support and implement DRI programs and recommendations th | at improve Oneonta's | image. | | | | | |
| DI.1 | Execute DRI Branding & Marketing and Downtown Wayfinding program. | City - Community Development | NYS ESD, OCR, DOS | NYS ESD, OCR, DOS | н | | | |
| DI.2 | Explore creation of a Community Information Officer position to oversee City's long-term marketing efforts. | City - Personnel | Destination Oneonta (DO) | | | | М | |
| Goal 2 | Establish the City of Oneonta as a destination for the arts, culture, and re | ecreation. | | | | | | |
| DI.3 | Support ongoing efforts to grow the arts in the City of Oneonta by programming and renovation of existing assets including, but not limited to, the Oneonta Theatre, Foothills Performing Arts Center, and the Community Arts Network of Oneonta (CANO). | City - Community Development | Oneonta Theatre, Foothills, CANO | | н | | | |
| DI.4 | Explore development of a structure (Arts Task Force) to coordinate arts, entertainment, and recreation venues throughout the City. | City | Arts, culture and other related organizations | | | н | | |
| DI.5 | Secure funding to implement recommendations of arts and culture-related studies. | City - Community Development | Arts, culture and other related organizations | NYSCA, CDBG, NY Main St | | н | | 1 |
| DI.6 | Leverage and promote existing recreation assets and natural resources, including the Susquehanna River, Wilber Park, Neahwa Park, and the Homer Folks State Forest, to attract tourists and enrich the visitor experience. | City - Parks & Recreation, Parks & Rec Commission | DO, OCCA | NYS EPF | | | | 1 |
| DI.7 | Work with existing public and private entities to promote year-round recreation activities in the City, including hiking, mountain biking, cross-country skiing, and snowmobiling. | City - Parks & Recreation, Parks & Rec Commission | Susquehanna Greenway, Bike/rec orgs, colleges, DO | | | | | ٧ |



Implementation matrix

| Town of Saranac Comprehensive Plan and Revitalization Strategy IMPLEMENTATION MATRIX ❖ = Priority Action | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|---|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Action | Implementation Steps | Partners | Potential Funding Source | | | | | |
| Goal 1: Revitalize and strengthen the local economy by encouraging vibrant hamlets, safe commercial corridors, and maximum use of the Town's natural resources, all consistent with the community's character. | | | | | | | | | |
| * | 1.1: Work with the APA and DOS to identify lands in the area of Picketts Corners that could be reclassified as "hamlet" in the Adirondack Park Land Use and Development Plan (APLUDP) to expand opportunities for higher density, mixed-use development. | Analyze existing lands classified APA Hamlet with regard to current usage and land available for development. Analyze classification of lands surrounding APA Hamlets with regard to current parcel size, vacancy or improvement, land development constraints and existing infrastructure. Meet with the Adirondack Park Agency regarding potential land reclassification. Town Board adopts resolution requesting the land classification amendment to the APLUDP and submits other required documents to the APA. | APA, NYS DOS, NYS OCR | NYS DOS EPF, CDBG Small Cities Community Planning Grant | | | | | |
| T | 1.2: Focus new retail and service commercial | Create a Committee to consider development of a local land | ΔPA Local property | N/A | | | | | |



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Step 7: Draft Plan Review

- 1. MANDATORY: SEQRA
- 2. MANDATORY: GML §239-m County Planning Agency
- 3. POSSIBLE: Agricultural & Markets Article 25-AA (§305a)
- 4. MANDATORY: Public Hearings
 - On Draft Plan by "Special Board" or Planning Board if in charge of plan development
 - By Governing Board



auvernment services

State Environmental Quality Review (SEQR)

- Plan adoption is "Type I Action"
 - Potential significant adverse environmental impact presumed
- Full EAF required
- EIS may be required
- May serve as Generic EIS
- Include thresholds and conditions triggering site specific EIS





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Agricultural review with NYS Dept. AGMKT

Purpose:

- Avoid unintended consequences to farms
- Ensure that comprehensive plans and local laws don't unreasonably restrict or regulate farm operations within agricultural districts.
 AGM Article 25-AA §305-a

Also see:

- · County agricultural protection plans
- DOS publication "Local Laws and Agricultural Districts: How do they Relate?"



County review: State GML §239-m

Requires local municipalities to forward comprehensive plan or amendments to county planning agency for review, comment, and recommendations

Looks at inter-municipal and county-wide impacts associated with Comprehensive Plan such as:

- Compatibility of adjacent land uses
- o Impact of any additional traffic
- Compatibility with existing municipal comprehensive plans or land use laws
- Impact on community facilities
- Provides opportunity for additional professional review from County Planning Staff



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Step 8: Adopt plan

- Governing Board adopts plan by resolution or other local enactment
- Adopted plan must be considered by other governmental agencies when planning for capital projects





Step 9: Implement Plan

The value of planning comes from municipality's willingness to implement plan by:

- Amending land use regulations
- Developing design guidelines
- Budgeting for capital improvements
- Identifying staff/liaison/committee to ensure planning consistency as governments change every 2-4 years

"Give permanence to the role of the Bureau of Planning and Sustainability" to ensure that planning and design efforts are consistent with comprehensive plan --Syracuse's 2040



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Monitor, evaluate, and amend plan FOR THE LAST TIME...NO! AND STOP ASKING!!! "Living documents" need regular attention Living documents on the control of the control of

Step 10: Evaluate plan

Plan must include maximum intervals for review

- General City Law §28-a (11)
- Town Law §272-a (10)
- Village Law §7-722 (10)

Plan should be updated to reflect changes to policies and physical characteristics of community



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Amendments to plan:

New priorities, opportunities and threats:

- Water quality
- Environmental sensitivity
- Changing technologies
- Scenic, historic resources
- Blight, vacancies
- New/loss of major employer
- Housing
- Sustainability



Funding sources

- NYS DOS Smart Growth Comprehensive Planning Grants (CFA)
- NYS DOS Local Government Efficiency Grants (LGE)
- NYS DOS Local Waterfront Revitalization Program
- NYS Dept. of Agriculture & Markets funds up to \$25,000 for agricultural protection parts of comprehensive plans
- NYS DEC's Climate Smart Communities
- Metropolitan Planning Organizations (MPOs) NEW YORK Government Services

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Resources – Publications

- Guide to Planning and Zoning Regulations in NYS: https://dos.ny.gov/guide-planning-and-zoning-laws-new-york-state
- Zoning and the Comprehensive Plan https://dos.ny.gov/zoning-and-comprehensive-plan
- Questions for the Analysis and Evaluation of Existing Zoning Regulations https://dos.ny.gov/questions-analysis-zoning
- Land Use Moratoria https://dos.ny.gov/land-use-moratoria
- All DOS Publications: https://dos.ny.gov/publications



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